Exam Code: 190-955
Exam Name: IBM WebSphere Portal 6.1 Deployment and Administration
Vendor: Lotus
Version: DEMO
Part: A

1: Which of the following statements correctly describes how WebSphere Portal’s functionality is implemented on the WebSphere Application Server?
A. WebSphere Portal is deployed as a stand-alone Java application using WebSphere Application Server client libraries.
B. WebSphere Portal is deployed as an Enterprise Application on the WebSphere Application Server.
C. WebSphere Portal is a stand-alone web server framework and is not related to WebSphere Application Server.
D. WebSphere Portal is deployed as a portlet to WebSphere Application Server’s Portlet Container.

Correct Answers: B

2: Matt is creating a Portal solution for a client who mentions that they would like to expose information from their mainframe system to Web users. What should Matt do?
A. Ignore the question because WebSphere Portal does not support mainframe systems.
B. Agree with the requirement because WebSphere Portal supports mainframe systems such as System Z.
C. Proceed cautiously because mainframe integration could affect the performance of other portal applications.
D. Explain that portal is an interface service in his larger Service Oriented Architecture design and should be used to expose data from backend systems such as the mainframe.

Correct Answers: D

3: When setting up security for a standalone WebSphere Portal instance that will become part of a cluster, which of the following statements is correct?
A. Security should be set up on the standalone node prior to joining the deployment manager cell.
B. Security should be set up on the deployment manager cell after the node is added.
C. It makes no difference whether security is setup before or after the WebSphere Portal node joins the deployment manager cell.
D. WebSphere Administrative Console interfaces, not WebSphere Portal security tasks, should be used to configure security.

Correct Answers: B

4: George is gathering requirements for a WebSphere Portal 6.1 implementation. Among the requirements is that the Portal remembers the name of the most recently logged in user from a particular browser, so that he or she is not required to log in each time they visit the site. How would George best implement this requirement?
A. George will have to create a custom login portlet which reads and writes from a cookie that he will have to define.
B. George will have to develop a trust association interceptor which will bypass the portal login.
C. George will have to implement a third-party authentication mechanism.
D. George can use the out-of-the-box remember me functionality.

Correct Answers: D
5: Which of the following best describes the difference between horizontal and vertical clustering?
A. Vertical clustering takes full advantage of the resources of a multiprocessor system; horizontal clustering provides fault-tolerance and scalability by adding additional servers
B. Vertical clustering allows for users to authenticate against multiple LDAP sources; horizontal clustering allows multiple servers to act as one server
C. Horizontal clustering replicates the back-end database in real-time; vertical clustering takes advantage of multiple Websphere servers as a single cell
D. Horizontal clustering allows multiple HTTP servers to serve in a failover scenario; vertical clustering allows Portal servers to combine processor and memory into one virtual server
Correct Answers: A

6: In case that we need to integrate WebSphere Portal with a WebSphere Process Server that is in a different cell and uses a different user registry, which of the following should we do in order to ensure the authenticated connection between the portal and the process application server?
A. We should use CSIv2 identity assertion and specify the trusted identity in the CSIv2 Outbound Authentication.
B. We should use LTPA with Inbound Identity Mapping.
C. We should use Credential Vault.
D. We should use SSO with LTPA.
Correct Answers: A

7: Composite applications can be defined by which of the following?
A. A group of applications that share a common theme
B. A list of applications available to the personalization server
C. A cluster of WebSphere Portal servers that share a common database
D. A compiled set of components that address a particular business need
Correct Answers: D

8: Which of the following statements is true about Client Side Aggregation?
A. Client Side Aggregation is generally slower than Server Side Aggregation since more processing happens on the client machine, which is generally less powerful than the server.
B. Client Side Aggregation is used by default on all pages using the out-of-the-box theme named portalWeb2
C. Client Side Aggregation can be enabled for all existing portlets.
D. Client Side Aggregation cannot be used on Firefox browsers.
Correct Answers: B

9: As the Portal administrator, you are exporting and transferring a document library from a staging system to a production system. You have successfully created an empty shared directory to hold the exported document library. Both the staging and production servers have write access to the shared directory. When you move the document library from the staging system to the production system, which of the following occurs to private drafts?
A. They are converted to submitted drafts
B. They are transferred without modifications
C. They will all be converted to the same UUID
D. They are appended a new document version number

Correct Answers: B

10: Mark has applied a fixpack which includes portlets and configuration changes on the primary portal server of their clustered environment. He is going to apply the same fixpack on the secondary portal server of their clustered environment. Which of the following is correct for his task?
A. He needs to follow the same procedure as he did for applying the fixpack on the primary portal server.
B. He needs to follow the same procedure he did for applying the fixpack on the primary portal server except that he does not need to run the portal configuration tasks required for the fixpack.
C. He needs to follow the same procedure he did for applying the fixpack on the primary portal server except that he does not need to redeploy the updated portlets required for the fixpack.
D. He does not need to apply the fixpack to the secondary server because all the changes will be able to be synchronized to the secondary server.

Correct Answers: B

11: After completing a new installation of WebSphere Portal with IBM HTTP Server, it is decided that the default URL of http://<hostname>/wps/myportal should be changed to http://<hostname>/wps/myhome. Which command will allow an administrator to accomplish this task?
A. WPSconfig update-portal-uri
B. WPSconfig update-servlet-uri
C. WPSconfig modify-servlet-path

Correct Answers: C

12: When creating names that can be mapped to contexts for portal pages, which of the following roles must they have?
A. User
B. Manager
C. Creator
D. Administrator

Correct Answers: A

13: What is the most appropriate way to change the logo in a Portal 6.1 theme using the Theme Customizer portlet?
A. Update the banner.jspf file
B. Update the styles_banner.css file
C. Upload an image file via the Banner tab
D. Use the out-of-the-box Image Creator portlet

**Correct Answers: C**

14: Jack is experimenting with creating a portal page and wants 5 columns of portlets. He does not see this among the pre-defined page layouts. What must he do in order to customize the page layout?
A. Jack can select one of the pre-defined page layouts and press the Add Column button, which appears by default, until he sees 5 columns.
B. Jack can add 5 portlets to a single container, which will automatically align the portlets into horizontal columns.
C. Jack must first enter Edit mode of the portlet and check the option named Show toggle link for "Show layout tools/hide layout tools".
D. Jack must select from among the pre-defined page layouts because those are the only options.

**Correct Answers: C**

15: WebSphere Portal can use the WebSphere Application Server capabilities to support HTTP session failover, which enables one node in a cluster to access information from the existing HTTP session in case of a failure in the cluster node originally handling that session. This is called?
A. cluster affinity
B. distributed sessions
C. plug-in cluster failover
D. node management

**Correct Answers: B**