Exam Code: COG-480
Exam Name: IBM Cognos 8 Planning Professional
Vendor: IBM
Version: DEMO
Part: A

1: Which of the following is true of an e.List?
A. It can contain both input and aggregate items.
B. You cannot perform breakback across an e.List.
C. You can map an e.List to a regular D-List in a system link.
D. You can link D-Cubes together by targeting summary e.List items.
Correct Answers: A

2: An administrator is working with a Contributor application that has a large e.List. However, the application itself is based on a small Analyst model. The administrator wants to reduce the amount of cube sparsity in the application by using an access table containing a few rows. Client performance of the application is already excellent. What should the administrator do?
A. Use the NO DATA access table setting without cut-down models.
B. Use the HIDDEN access table setting with cut-down models.
C. Use the NO DATA access table setting with cut-down models.
D. Use the READ access table setting without cut-down models.
Correct Answers: A

3: When the administrator creates a Contributor application, the Contributor Administration Console opens the Analyst D-Cubes to the first subtotal on each hierarchical D-List. Why does the Console do this?
A. To ensure that there are no forward referenced weighted averages.
B. To ensure that the e.List has a hierarchical structure.
C. To ensure that the D-Cubes do not contain more than 500,000 cells.
D. To ensure that the e.List does not contain complex calculations.
Correct Answers: A

4: What is true about D-Cubes that contain the e.List in Contributor?
A. They can be used as assumption D-Cubes.
B. They can be used as D-Cube allocation tables in a D-Link.
C. They can be linked to each other by using allocations on the e.List.
D. They can have access tables applied to them.
Correct Answers: D

5: An organization has an application that includes projects for the Finance, Engineering, and Sales Administration departments. Each of these departments is responsible for only particular project codes, and will only be entering data for their particular codes. The administrator wants to use an access table to prevent invalid combinations of Department and Project Code from being downloaded. What access table setting should the administrator apply to these invalid combinations?
A. HIDDEN
B. READ
C. NO DATA
6: What would an administrator use to monitor the timing of Contributor processes when downloading and using a Contributor application on a client machine?
A. The 'epDebugToolsViewer' executable
B. The 'Job Doctor' macro
C. The Administration Console 'Job Monitor' window
D. The Administration Console 'Preview' window
Correct Answers: A

7: An end user is experiencing slow performance when using the Contributor Web grid. What can the administrator do to help improve the performance of the application?
A. Enable a multi-e.List item view in the Contributor Administration Console.
B. Reduce the number of A-Tables in the Analyst library.
C. Reduce the number of file maps in the Analyst library.
D. Turn off audit annotations in the Contributor Administration Console.
Correct Answers: D

8: A Contributor application has one access table where several D-List items are set to Hidden and all other D-List items are set to Write. What does using cut-down models on the server do to the application?
A. Stops the users from seeing the Hidden items.
B. Enables users to enter data against Write items.
C. Removes the Hidden items from the model definition.
D. Increases the amount of time it takes to update the Production application.
Correct Answers: D

9: Why is it recommended to place broad and general rules at the top of an access table, followed by more specific rules?
A. It aids in performance when using cut-down models.
B. It makes the access table easier to understand.
C. Access tables only work if they are designed this way.
D. It reduces the size of the file if the access table is exported.
Correct Answers: B

10: What does the Model Size Reader tool help an administrator evaluate?
A. If the Maximum Workspace size needs to be reset.
B. If there are too many cubes.
C. If the e.List is too large.
D. If the access tables are effective.
Correct Answers: D

11: What issue is Iterative Development specifically designed to address?
A. No developed solution will satisfy all users equally.
B. Users often feel that IT does not understand the business.
C. The very act of developing a system or solution could change the business requirements.
D. Users understand their business processes but they do not usually understand application development.
Correct Answers: C

12: When developing a Cognos Planning system, when is prototyping most useful?
A. When the user requirements are unclear.
B. When the development team is very large.
C. When the client can afford the extra time and cost required.
D. When the solution is being implemented for a department other than Finance.
Correct Answers: A

13: What is a major flaw of the Waterfall approach to system development?
A. There is no Analyze phase; the steps go from Plan directly to Design.
B. Steps are followed sequentially without returning to previous steps.
C. Technical constraints tend to overrule user requirements.
D. This approach can only be implemented using large teams.
Correct Answers: B

14: In a D-Cube using the D-List below, no formats have been applied to other dimensions. If a "blank if zero" format option were applied to the D-Cube, what would be the outcome?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Calculation</th>
<th>Format</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quantity</td>
<td>Detail</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unit Sales Price</td>
<td>Detail</td>
<td>2 decimal places</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SALES REVENUE</td>
<td>Calculation</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Income</td>
<td>Detail</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GROSS REVENUE</td>
<td>Calculation</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MARGIN %</td>
<td>Calculation</td>
<td>Percent sign</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A. All unpopulated Detail items would be blank.
B. All unpopulated items would be blank, except MARGIN %.
C. All unpopulated items would be blank, except Unit Sales Price.
D. All unpopulated items would be blank, except Unit Sales Price and MARGIN %.
Correct Answers: D

15: For which D-List item would it be more appropriate to use the Time Average - Zero function rather than the Force to Zero function?
A. Gross margin %
B. Dates
C. Square footage
D. Selling price
Correct Answers: C