Exam Code: HP0-782
Exam Name: NonStop Remote Database Facility (RDF)
Vendor: HP
Version: DEMO
Part: A

1: If an application uses hard-coded system names in code and data, which action should be taken? Select TWO.
A. Nothing as RDF will change the data in-flight.
B. The application should be rewritten using open source.
C. The database records should have the system name removed.
D. The code should be changed to use shared run-time libraries (SRLs).
E. The source code should be modified to use ASSIGNS and or DEFINES.
Correct Answers: C E

2: After you had executed a planned switchover to an RDF backup site, and when your primary system has come back online, you would use the RDF INITIALIZE command to prepare a new RDF subsystem to replicate all audit generated on the backup system since the switchover back to the original primary system. Which command would you use?
A. INITIALIZE RDF, INITTIME 09APR2004 10:05
B. INITIALIZE RDF, TIMESTAMP 09APR2004 10:05
C. INITIALIZE RDF, SYNCHDBTIME 09APR2004 10:05
D. INITIALIZE RDF, BACKUPSYSTEM <backup-system-name>
Correct Answers: A

3: Which commands guarantee that the backup system database is logically consistent? Select TWO.
A. STOP TMF
B. STOP RDF
C. STOP UPDATE, <timestamp>
D. STOP UPDATE
Correct Answers: A C

4: When designing an application to be protected by RDF, what should be considered?
A. changes to the application source code
B. changes to the application object code
C. changes to the operational procedures
D. changes to the user interfaces
Correct Answers: C

5: Under which circumstance could a transaction that committed on the primary system be undone on the backup system during an RDF takeover operation?
A. You have a MAT
ERROR: rangecheck
OFFENDING COMMAND: xshow

STACK:
[44 44 25 25 59 63 47 25 39 44 44 24 29 44 44 67 39 44 25 24 25 59 64
44 39 39 43 44 44 25 34 42 34 24 40 67 22 25 44 44 24 25 24 24 25 44 24
43 0 ]

(only RDF environment; RDF got the commit on the backup system, but it did)